

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010 - United Kingdom (UK)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

LV8 Yellow

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product no. : 1533426
Product name : LV8 Yellow

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Printing inks, coatings, toners, and related materials

Uses advised against: Not Available

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

INX International Ink Co. 150 N Martingale Rd, Suite 700 Schaumburg Illinois 60173

United States

e-mail address of person : MSDS@inxintl.com

responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

24 Hour Emergency Phone : 800.535.5053 INFOTRAC 24 Hour Spill and Emergency (+1 352

323 3500 outside of North America)

National advisory body/Poison Center

Telephone number: Not available.Hours of operation: Not available.Information limitations: Not available.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H312 (dermal) Acute Tox. 4, H332 (inhalation)

Eye Dam./Irrit. 2, H319

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word

Hazard statements

Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements

General Read label before use.

Prevention Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective

clothing.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a Response

position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or

physician if you feel unwell.

Storage Not applicable.

Disposal Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients 2-butoxyethyl acetate

cyclohexanone

Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-, acetate

Supplemental label elements Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures

and articles

Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with

child-resistant fastenings Tactile warning of danger Not applicable.

Yes, applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation

(EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Not applicable.

Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances : Not applicable

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
2-butoxyethyl acetate	EC:203-933-3 CAS:112-07-2 Index:607-038- 00-2	>=70 - <90	Acute Tox. 4, H312 (dermal) Acute Tox. 4, H332 (inhalation)	[1][2]
cyclohexanone	EC:203-631-1 CAS:108-94-1 Index:606-010- 00-7	>=7 - <10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 (oral) Acute Tox. 4, H332 (inhalation) Eye Dam./Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1][2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EC:203-603-9 CAS:108-65-6 Index:607-195- 00-7	>=1 - <2	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[2]
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2- methoxymethylethoxy)-, acetate	EC: CAS: 88917-22- 0 Index:	>=1 - <2	Skin Corr/Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam./Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	[1]

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses.

Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer

should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus.\20 If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a

health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact : Harmful in contact with skin.

Ingestion : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms

may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under

medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container

may burst.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving

any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.\'20 Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for

chemical incidents.

Additional information : Not available.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.

See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows.\'20 Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations.\'20 Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully

resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions Not available.Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product.\'20 Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker or exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2-butoxyethyl acetate	
cyclohexanone	EU OEL (2000-06-01) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 40,8 mg/m3, 10 ppm EU OEL (2000-06-01) Short Term Exposure Limit 81,6 mg/m3, 20 ppm EH40-WEL (2003-05-01) Notes: Biological monitoring guidance values Short Term Exposure Limit, 20 ppm EH40-WEL (2003-05-01) Notes: Biological monitoring guidance values Time Weighted Average (TWA), 10 ppm
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EU OEL (2000-06-01) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 275 mg/m3, 50 ppm EU OEL (2000-06-01) Short Term Exposure Limit 550 mg/m3, 100 ppm EH40-WEL (2001-12-01) Short Term Exposure Limit 548 mg/m3, 100 ppm EH40-WEL (2001-12-01) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 274 mg/m3, 50 ppm

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following:\'20 European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy)\'20 European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents)\'20 European Standard EN 482 (Workplace

atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNEL/DMEL Summary :

Not available.

PNEC Summary

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation.\'20 Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.\'20 Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.\'20 Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of

environmental protection legislation.\'20 In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : liquid Color : Yellow.

Odor
Odor threshold
PH
Not available.

range

Flash point : > 60 - 93 °C Not Measured. Flashpoint is estimated to be > 60 to

93°C (>140 to 200°F).

Evaporation rate : Not available. **Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or : **Lower:** Not available. **explosive limits** : **Upper:** Not available.

Vapor pressure : Not available. Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 0,97

Solubility(ies) : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

Dynamic: Not available.

Explosive propertiesKinematic: Not available.

Not available.

Explosive properties : Not available. **Oxidizing properties** : Not available.

9.2 Other information

Volatile. : 85,22 %(m) Weight %

87,73 %(V) Volume %

VOC % : 85,17 %(m) Weight %

87,68 %(V) Volume %

Coating VOC : 6,89 lb/gal

826 g/l

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions

will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Butoxyethyl Acetate					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.400 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.500 mg/kg	-	
Cyclohexanone					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.800 mg/kg	-	
	LC50	Rat	8.000 ppm	4 h	
	Inhalation				
Propylene Glycol Methyl Ether Acetate					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8.532 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	9.000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5.000 mg/kg	-	
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate					

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Skin - Mild	Rabbit	-		-
	irritant				
cyclohexanone	Eyes -	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
	Severe				
	irritant				
cyclohexanone	Skin - Mild	Human	-	48 hrs	-
	irritant				
cyclohexanone	Skin - Mild	Rabbit	-		-
	irritant				
cyclohexanone	Eyes -	Rabbit	-		-
	Severe				
	irritant				

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Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Not available.Eyes: Not available.Respiratory: Not available.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Not available.Respiratory: Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
methoxymethylethoxy)-, acetate			

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes

Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Exposure to decomposition products may cause

a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact : Harmful in contact with skin.

Ingestion: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
cyclohexanone			
	Acute LC50 630.000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	Acute LC50 732.000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	Acute LC50 527.000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	Acute EC50 32,9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Green algae	72 h

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient : Not available.

(KOC)

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : P: Not available.

B: Not available. T: Not available.

vPvB vP: Not available.

vB: Not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever

possible.\'20 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.\'20 Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with

the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a

hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever

possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Regulatory	Proper shipping	UN -	Hazard	Packing group	Additional
information	name	Number	classification		information
ADN	Not classified.			-	
ADR	Not classified.			-	
IATA	Not classified.			-	

IMDG	Not classified.			-	
DOT (U.S.A.)	Printing ink	UN1210	Combustible	III	DOT Exception 49
(Pictograms)			liquid.		CFR 173.150(f)(2):
					A material classed
					as a combustible
					liquid in a non-bulk
					packaging (<119
					gallons; < 450 L)
					may be shipped as a
					non-hazardous
					material unless the
					combustible liquid
					is a hazardous
					substance, a
					hazardous waste, or
					a marine pollutant.
Mexico Classification	Not classified.			-	
TDG Class	Not classified.			-	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV: None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern:

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory : Not determined. **Integrated pollution prevention** : Not listed

and control list (IPPC) - Air Integrated pollution prevention and control list (IPPC) - Water

Not listed

Aerosol dispensers : Not applicable.

Seveso II Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso II Directive.

National regulations

References : - Guide de la loi et du règlement sur le transport des marchandises dangeureuses au Canada. Centre de conformité international Ltée.

1986.

International regulations

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals : Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals : Not listed

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation

[Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

- Guide de la loi et du règlement sur le transport des marchandises dangeureuses au Canada. Centre de conformité international Ltée.

1986.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Acute Tox. 4, H312 (dermal)	Calculation method
Acute Tox. 4, H332 (inhalation)	Calculation method
Eye Dam./Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H302 (oral)	Harmful if swallowed.
H312 (dermal)	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332 (inhalation)	Harmful if inhaled.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
Н335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H302	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) -
	Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H312	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) -
	Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation)
	- Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-
	TERM) - Category 3
Eye Dam./Irrit. 2, H319	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS -
	Category 3

Skin Corr./Irrit. 2, H315	SKIN
,	CORROSION/IRRITATION -
	Category 2
STOT SE 3, H335	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN
	TOXICITY (SINGLE
	EXPOSURE) - Category 3

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